

Abstract

A brain-protective agent containing an NF- κ B decoy. In brain diseases, the brain can be particularly effectively protected against brain disorders (for example, cerebral vasospasm following a subarachnoidal hemorrhage and apoptosis of the nerve cells following a cerebrovasucular accident or serious head injury) caused by the undesired activation of cytokines or cell adhesion factors which are regulated by NF- κ B by administering the brain-protective agent containing an NF- κ B decoy, i.e., a compound antadonistic specifically to a nucleic acid to which NF- κ B binds.

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